

FY 2014-2019

Five-Year and

Annual Plan



Hawaii Public Housing Authority
Annual and Five-Year Plan
Fiscal Years 2014-2019

1. HA 5-Year and Annual Plan	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing	OMB No. 2577-0226 Expires 4/30/2011																									
1.0	PHA Information PHA Name: Hawaii Public Housing Authority PHA Code: HI001 PHA Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Small <input type="checkbox"/> High Performing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard <input type="checkbox"/> HCV (Section 8) PHA Fiscal Year Beginning: (MM/YYYY): 07/2013																										
2.0	Inventory (based on ACC units at time of FY beginning in 1.0 above) Number of Public Housing Units: 5,332 Number of Housing Choice Voucher units: 3,420																										
3.0	Submission Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5-Year and Annual Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Annual Plan Only <input type="checkbox"/> 5-Year Plan Only																										
4.0	PHA Consortia <input type="checkbox"/> PHA Consortia: (Check box if submitting a joint Plan and complete table below.)																										
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th rowspan="2" style="width: 30%;">Participating PHAs</th> <th rowspan="2" style="width: 5%;">PHA Code</th> <th rowspan="2" style="width: 20%;">Program(s) Included in the Consortia</th> <th rowspan="2" style="width: 20%;">Programs Not in the Consortia</th> <th colspan="2" style="width: 25%;">No. of Units in Each Program</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">PH</th> <th style="width: 15%;">HCV</th> </tr> <tr> <td>PHA 1:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>PHA 2:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>PHA 3:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Participating PHAs	PHA Code	Program(s) Included in the Consortia	Programs Not in the Consortia	No. of Units in Each Program		PH	HCV	PHA 1:						PHA 2:						PHA 3:					
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PHA 1:																											
PHA 2:																											
PHA 3:																											
5.0	5-Year Plan. Complete items 5.1 and 5.2 only at 5-Year Plan update.																										
5.1	Mission. The Hawaii Public Housing Authority (HPHA) is committed to promote adequate and affordable housing, economic opportunity and a suitable living environment free from discrimination.																										



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5.2 Goals and Objectives.

- A. Expand the supply of assisted housing:
1. Apply for and lease up additional rental vouchers if available.
 2. Public housing vacancies: Not to exceed 5% vacancy rate.
 3. Leverage private or other public funds to create additional housing opportunities: Assess the feasibility of mixed-use public/private partnerships in the redevelopment for all properties.
 4. Assess the feasibility of acquiring or developing more properties to create additional housing opportunities on all islands.
 5. Pursue inclusion in rental assistance demonstration (RAD) for select public housing properties to convert to the housing choice voucher program.
 6. Pursue VASH development opportunities and additional funding.
- B. Improve the quality of assisted housing:
1. Improve public housing management: (PHAS score)
 - PHAS Physical Condition (REAC) – Achieving an above average score of 75 out of 100 points for each property.
 - PHAS Financial Condition – Maintain rent collection rate of 95% or better at all properties.
 - PHAS Management Operations – Vacant Unit Turnaround Time: Less than or equal to 20 days; Work Orders: Complete or abate 100% of emergency work orders within 24 hours and complete non-emergency work orders within an average of 25 days; Annual Inspections: Inspected 100% of its units and systems using the Uniform Physical Condition Standard (UPCS); Form Processing: Complete all forms in an expeditious manner.
 - Continue to implement upgrades of PHA computer software to increase the efficiency of programs agency-wide.
 - Continue to improve the tenant rent collection system through timely evictions for non-payment of rents.
 2. Improve voucher management: (SEMAP score)
 - Maintain “High Performer” status.
 - Maintain lease-up to 95% of budget utilization.
 - Maintain an effective reporting system to improve operational efficiency.
 - Continue to develop relationships with more partners in the recruitment and retention of landlords.
 - Increase efforts to lease up VASH vouchers for qualifying veterans by pursuing operational efficiencies.
 3. Increase customer satisfaction:
 - Automate more functions to provide increased quality of service such as web-based applications, increase web capabilities, and interactive voice response systems.
 4. Concentrate on efforts to improve specific management functions:
 - Revise and implement plan to have Tenant Monitors or other resident participation programs to address issues when managers are not available.
 5. Continue to renovate or modernize public housing units.
 6. Demolish or dispose of obsolete public housing and provide replacement housing.
 7. Provide replacement vouchers.
 8. Leverage Capital Funds to accelerate modernization projects, study the feasibility of utilizing public/private partnerships for the redevelopment of public housing and pursue mixed finance redevelopment opportunities with various HUD programs such as RAD and CNI.
 9. Continue to refer criminal cases to the eviction board in an expeditious manner to maintain the health and safety of the public housing community.



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5.2 Goals and Objectives (continued)

- C. Increase assisted housing choices:
 - 1. Conduct outreach efforts to potential voucher landlords.
 - 2. Provide Section 8 voucher mobility counseling.
 - 3. Assess voucher payment standards.
 - 4. Maintain voucher homeownership program.
 - 5. Maintain public housing or other homeownership programs.
 - 6. Utilize Geographical Wait Lists.
 - 7. Pursue designated housing for elderly-only project(s).
- D. Provide an improved living environment:
 - 1. Implement measures to de-concentrate poverty by bringing higher income public housing households into lower income developments.
 - 2. Implement measures to promote income mixing in public housing by assuring access for lower income families into higher income developments.
 - 3. Implement public housing security improvements, such as increased lighting, resident identification cards, utilizing after hour quiet time, crime prevention through environmental design features.
 - 4. Designate developments or buildings for particular resident groups (e.g., elderly or persons with disabilities) and/or pursue designated housing under HUD's definition of designated housing
 - 5. Pursuing a due process determination from HUD to expedite criminal activity cases that involve assault, terroristic threatening, firearms, dangerous weapons, harassment, kidnapping, sexual assault, extortion, forgery, burglary, unauthorized entry into a dwelling, unauthorized entry into a motor vehicle, criminal property damage, criminal trespass on HPHA property, disorderly conduct, child pornography, and consuming liquor on HPHA property, which is considered as reasonably likely to adversely affect the health, safety, right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other tenants, the HPHA and its staff.
 - 6. Installing adaptable design elements to allow elderly tenants to age in place.
 - 7. De-Concentration Summary reveals 1 AMP site is below the 85% threshold and 1 AMP site is above 115% threshold. Applicants will be placed accordingly.
 - 8. With a public/private partnership and Master Development agreement with Michaels Development, income mixing is present at Kuhio Park Terrace.
- E. Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of assisted households:
 - 1. Increase the number and percentage of employed persons in assisted families by conducting annual activities such as job fairs and job training events.
 - 2. Engage supportive service providers to improve assistance recipients' employability.
 - 3. Engage supportive service providers to increase independence for the elderly or families with disabilities by continually attracting and providing supportive services.
 - 4. Provide measures and opportunities to increase the income of residents to complement de-concentration and income targeting.
 - 5. Improve Section 3 plan to expand resident employment opportunities.
- F. Ensure equal opportunity and affirmatively further fair housing:
 - 1. Undertake affirmative measures to ensure access to assisted housing regardless of race, color, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, marital status, familial status, and disability.
 - 2. Undertake affirmative measures to provide a suitable living environment for families living in assisted housing regardless of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, marital status, familial status, HIV/AIDS infection and disability.
 - 3. Undertake affirmative measures to ensure accessible housing to persons with all varieties of disabilities regardless of unit size required.
 - 4. Continue on-going efforts to educate and provide information to the general population and to landlords.
 - 5. Conduct on-going training to educate staff.
 - 6. Continue to implement the Section 504 and ADA transition plans.
 - 7. Maintain the Limited English Proficiency (LEP) plan for applicants and residents of public housing and Section 8 programs.



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5.2 Goals and Objectives (continued)

8. Provide training to non-English speaking and/or Limited English Proficiency speaking groups with an interpreter available on federal and state fair housing laws.
 9. Build community ties with private and non-profit organizations to affirmatively further fair housing.
 10. Update the Fair Housing Analysis of Impediments in 2015.
- G. Improve the housing delivery system through cost-effective management of federal government programs and resources:
1. Implement project based accounting and management for federal public housing.
 2. Improve the tenant rent collection system by updating policies and procedures, timely evictions for non-payment of rents, and timely write offs.
 3. Implement energy efficient cost saving measures in all properties.
 4. Work with the University of Hawaii including but not limited to the development of a database system to inventory all properties.
 5. Study the feasibility of creating energy farms to generate power for all properties.
 6. Pursue prosecution for criminal property damage.
 7. Continue to automate major operation components of the PHA computer software such as work order processing and tracking, materials, inventory, and fixed assets to improve the efficiency and accuracy of financial accounting and reporting.
 8. Continue to upgrade the computer network infrastructure with faster, more reliable, and redundant connections to increase overall productivity.
 9. Upgrade computers and servers with newer models to provide faster response time for users, and standardize all versions of office software.
 10. Implement a content management system for more efficient retrieval of documents stored electronically on the HPHA network.
 11. Acquire video conferencing equipment to further better communication between all HPHA properties on all islands.
 12. Make available not less than fifty per cent of available federal and state low-income housing units for applicants without preference and up to fifty per cent of available federal and state low-income housing units for applicants with preference as mandated by ACT148 – 2013.
 13. Adopt proposed Hawaii Administrative Rule (HAR) revisions to prohibit smoking in public housing, and provide tenants with revised lease addenda outlining enforcement strategies for the “No Smoking” policy.
 14. Adopt changes to Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy for the Federally Assisted Low-income Public Housing program to ensure compliance with HUD regulations and policies.
 15. Work with any and all departments and agencies to combat the community goal of homelessness.
- H. Evaluate the current administration of HPHA’s Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program (Due to the recent change in funding levels for the Section 8 HCV Program by HUD, HPHA will be exploring options to maximize the number of voucher participants within the current HUD funding level):
1. Increase the current number of active vouchers by leveraging HPHA’s “High Performer” status to participate in any current or future HUD programs and/or create and implement new programs in conjunction with the local HUD office.
 2. Maintaining current subsidy amounts and not open the wait list until HUD funding is increased.
- I. Comply with the Violence Against Women Act to support and assist victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. To protect certain victims as well as members of the victims’ immediate families – from losing their HUD-assisted housing as a consequence of the abuse of which they were the victim.



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6.0a PHA Plan Update

(a) Identify all PHA Plan elements that have been revised by the PHA since its last Annual Plan submission:

- Capital improvements: The HPHA will look into the feasibility of pursuing mixed finance and project based redevelopment projects and create public/private partnerships by utilizing various HUD programs including but not limited to Rental Assistance Demonstration and Choice Neighborhood Initiative, and will utilize various financing tools to rehabilitate federal and state low-income housing properties and pursue any and all means of financing including but not limited to federal grants, state appropriations and low-income housing tax credits.
- Economic Self-Sufficiency:
 1. Evaluate the need and the feasibility of the HUD "Step Up" program to provide jobs and job training opportunities on HUD-assisted construction projects to residents of public housing and other low-income people.
 2. Pursue grant opportunities to fund self-sufficiency coordinator positions through HUD grants.
- Housing Choice Voucher Administrative Plan and Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP):
 1. Update occupancy guidelines to allow two people per living space, and single person families shall be allocated a studio. (ACOP pg. 5-1 and Section 8 Admin Plan pg. 5-12)
 2. Update policy on additions to the household after admission into the Housing Choice Voucher program to deny additions of an additional family consisting of more than one member to the Housing Choice Voucher except by birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody, or marriage, when the addition would increase the subsidy to the family. (Section 8 Admin Plan pg. 9-4)
 3. Adopt policy on changes to household composition when a family member who is 18 and over remove themselves from the household; and to establish the following policies when such family members seek readmission to the household:
 - A. They are prohibited from readmission to the household.
 - B. They are required to apply as new applicants for placement on the waitlist.
 - C. The HPHA may consider medical hardship or other extenuating circumstances, and if determined necessary as a reasonable accommodation, may allow such family members to be added to the household as a live-in-aide (Section 8 Admin Plan pg. 9-4)
 4. Adopt policy regarding remaining members of assisted tenant families to allow only the original household members at the time of voucher issuance to retain the voucher where other members of the family have left the unit; and to provide for the return of the voucher to the HPHA once all original household members are no longer in the household; and to provide an exception for families where the original parents in the household are survived by minors who were subsequently added to the household, until the minors reach a certain age (e.g., 21 years of age). (Section 8 Admin Plan)
 5. Close the Palolo Project Based Voucher wait list except for four bedroom units.
 6. Adopt a policy to implement a lottery system to randomly choose families (excluding the elderly, disabled, and victims of domestic violence) to terminate from the Housing Choice Voucher Program if the HPHA must terminate Housing Assistance Payments contracts due to insufficient funding. (Section 8 Admin Plan pg. 12-6 and 12-7)
 7. In determining income from assets for purposes of eligibility and subsidy determination in the Public Housing program and the Section 8 program, update the policy determining the value of a checking account to be consistent with the policy determining the value of a savings account, by using the current balance, or average monthly balance for the last six months, to reduce administrative burden and excessive paperwork and added expense for the applicant.
 8. In determining the amount of allowances for purposes of rent and subsidy determination in the Housing Choice Voucher program, establish policy to cap the amount of child care expenses that can be claimed at the amount of the lower wage earned by working family members, unless the child care expenses incurred is obviously to enable another family member with higher wages to work.



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6.0b PHA Plan Update (continued)

9. Enter into a cooperative agreement with the State Department of Human Services and the State Department of Health to exchange program and client information to streamline operations and to combat fraud in the public housing and the Section 8 programs.
10. In the Housing Choice Voucher program, update policy regarding the designation of the head of household, spouse, and co-head of the family in the event of marriage of the head or co-head individuals who may not be related by blood, marriage, adoption, or other operation of law, subsequent to admission to the program, to clarify as follows:
 - A. If the head marries, head's spouse automatically replaces original co-head as spouse. The original co-head automatically becomes an authorized family member.
 - B. If the co-head marries, as a family can only have a spouse or co-head, but not both, the family determines whether the co-head's spouse will become the head of household, or an authorized household member.
11. Adopt policy requiring live-in aides to establish legal residency in the United States to receive subsidy for an additional bedroom in the Section 8 program, and to occupy an additional bedroom in the public housing program.
12. Adopt policy in the Section 8 program to determine which household will include a minor's unearned income into the household's income, in determining unit size, and eligible deductions where two households in the assisted housing programs share custody of minors.
13. Adopt revisions to the Section 8 policy in shortening the length of time for a temporary absence from, other than students and foster care.
14. Update the Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy to revise the "one-strike" admissions and termination policy to conform to the HUD Screening and Eviction Final Rule.
15. Extend the length of time an applicant may be denied admissions after drug-related criminal activity or convictions over the minimum of 3 years as required by the HUD regulations.
16. Update the Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy to implement the requirements of Act 148, Session Laws of Hawaii 2013, restricting the number of available units that may be for applicants with preferences, and eliminating the elderly and disabled singles preference, which is considered obsolete.

(b) Identify the specific location(s) where the public may obtain copies of the 5-Year and Annual PHA Plan.

The PHA Plan and all supporting documents are
available on the internet: www.hpha.hawaii.gov/

Hawaii Public Housing Authority (HPHA)
1002 North School Street, Bldg. E
Honolulu, Hawaii 96817

Lanakila Homes
600 Wailoa Street
Hilo, Hawaii 96720

Ka Hale Kahaluu
78-6725 Makolea Street
Kailua-Kona, Hawaii 96740

Kapaa
4726 Malu Road
Kapaa, Hawaii 96746

Kahekili Terrace
2015 Holowai Place
Wailuku, Hawaii 96793



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THE FOLLOWING POLICIES ARE ALSO AVAILABLE AT THE LOCATIONS ABOVE:

Note: ACOP refers to the Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy document

1. Eligibility, Selection and Admissions. and Wait List Policies: ACOP Chapters 2 and 3
2. De-concentration Policy
3. ACOP Chapter 4
4. Statement of Financial Resources
5. Rent Determination policy: ACOP Chapter 6
6. Operation and Management
7. Grievance Procedures: ACOP Chapter 13
8. Designated Housing for Elderly and Disabled Families
9. Community Service and Self-Sufficiency
10. Safety and Crime Prevention
11. Pets Policy: ACOP Chapter 10
12. Civil Rights Certification
13. Fiscal Year Audit
14. Asset Management
15. Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) activities

7.0

The Housing Choice Voucher (Section 8) Administrative Plan and the Hawaii Administrative Rules § 17-2000, et. al., governing the HPHA's federal housing programs, as well as any amendments thereto, are available at the HPHA School Street location, Bldg. E, and on the HPHA's website. They are hereby incorporated by reference.

Hope VI, Mixed Finance Modernization or Development, Demolition and/or Disposition, Conversion of Public Housing, Homeownership Programs, and Project-based Vouchers.

- **Mayor Wright Homes Redevelopment**

HPHA is planning a Request for Qualifications or Request for Information or Request for Proposals for a developer/partner to complete a mixed income/mixed finance/mixed use-redevelopment project at Mayor Wright Homes in the near future, and the inclusion of mixed uses pursuant to ACT 90, SLH 2011.

- **Kuhio Park Terrace, Kuhio Homes and Kuhio Park Terrace Low-Rise Redevelopment**

HPHA received a \$300,000 Choice Neighborhoods Initiative (CNI) planning grant in 2012 and is developing a comprehensive Transformation Plan with input from community members, stakeholders and partners to revitalize the Kuhio Park Terrace, Kuhio Homes, Kuhio Park Terrace Low-Rise and Kalihi neighborhood area. The HPHA will explore options to either seek a Choice Neighborhoods Initiative (CNI) implementation grant and invest into realizing a future Transformation Plan due to HUD in October 2014, or progress through the approved redevelopment plan for the community which involves the construction of new mid/high-rise dwelling structures for low-income family and elderly public housing tenants, and the inclusion of mixed uses pursuant to Act 90, SLH 2011.



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• **Mixed Finance Redevelopment**

HPHA will evaluate and identify additional properties, on all islands, in its portfolio that have potential for public-private, mixed finance, mixed income redevelopment opportunities through Section 18 of the Housing Act of 1937 and various HUD programs including but not limited to the Rental Assistance Demonstration program, Choice Neighborhoods Initiative, VASH and any other federal, state, or local source such as the issuance of PHA bonds pursuant to Chapter 356D, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

• **Homeownership Programs:**

1. Waimanalo Homes (HI10P001025) approved 1/10/2000; 28 units affected. Only 9 residents qualified to purchase units, and the period for application is closed. HPHA will investigate the possibility of reopening this program and committing Section 8 vouchers through SHOP.
2. HPHA will research opportunities to increase home ownership for residents of public housing. Programs in other jurisdictions are being reviewed and HPHA plans to hold information sessions with residents and the community in general.

Project-based Vouchers.

1. HPHA plans to evaluate the property inventory for potential sites that might benefit from the use of project-based vouchers in addition to the properties listed below. The agency will also evaluate potential application for participation in the new HUD Rental Assistance Demonstration program.
2. 150 Project-based vouchers are part of the Kuhio Park Terrace Towers redevelopment, and the HPHA will be looking to add additional Project-based vouchers for the Kuhio Homes and Kuhio Park Terrace Low-Rise redevelopment. (HPHA is seeking additional replacement housing vouchers for public housing units that will be temporarily removed from inventory while the Kuhio Homes and Kuhio Park Terrace Low-Rise are redeveloped. Those units will be restored in future phases when redevelopment has been completed.)
3. 305 units at Palolo Homes I and II. The Palolo Homes I and II site-based waiting list shall be closed by the Section 8 Branch upon approval of this plan in order to better serve the current families in the program and reduce application processing costs except for 4 bedroom units. The list may be reopened at a later date upon notice by the HPHA.

Hope VI, Mixed Finance Modernization or Development, Demolition and/or Disposition, Conversion of Public Housing, Homeownership Programs, and Project-based Vouchers. (continued)

1. Consistent with the HPHA's efforts to sustain and increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing, HPHA plans to continue its utilization of rent subsidy vouchers through the Federal Project-Based Certificate/Voucher Program. The HPHA will earmark up to the maximum allowable vouchers as specified in 24 CFR 983 and will utilize project basing on the counties of Oahu, Kauai, Maui, and Hawaii in accordance with program guidelines and objectives.
2. To maximize utilization and to encourage tenant development, HPHA applied for and received HUD approval on August 8, 2001 to exceed the 25 percent cap for dwelling units in any building to be assisted under a housing assistance payment (HAP) by requiring owners to offer supportive services. To minimize the loss of existing housing inventories, HPHA applied for and received HUD approval on October 4, 2001 to attach Project Based Assistance to State-owned public housing projects in areas, which exceed the 20 percent poverty rate limitation.

7.0



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8.0	<p>Capital Improvements.</p> <p>HPHA is focusing capital improvements funding on protecting residents and the physical housing assets. In addition to the annual federal Capital Funding Program (CFP) grant, we are seeking state Capital Improvements Program (CIP) funds from the State Legislature in order to make needed repairs and modernize existing housing stock. In planning the use of funds, priority is being given to those needs that protect the health and safety of residents, such as ADA/Section 504 modifications, hot water systems and repairing sidewalks; and those that prevent further deterioration of housing, such as roof and spalling repairs, termite treatment and repairs, and other site repairs.</p> <p>Further, due to recent changes in PHAS Scoring factors, priority is also given to capital projects that restore previously vacant, uninhabitable units to rentable status. Due to the unpredictability of such capital projects, such as locations of such units and cause of un-inhabitability, the HPHA will be unable to maintain complete advance plans regarding these projects. This will result in slight modifications to the Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan and the Capital Fund Program Annual State/Performance and Evaluation Reports; any such deviation shall not be considered by the HPHA to be a Substantial Deviation or Significant Amendment/Modification necessitating amendment of the HUD Approved PHA 5-Year and Annual Plan unless the amount of funds being required exceeds \$10 Million, comprises more than 15% of a developments ACC unit count, or requires the relocation of more than two neighboring occupied units in accordance with the HPHA's definition section in 10.0 infra.</p> <p>For the Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan and the Capital Fund Program Annual State/Performance and Evaluation Reports, where work is not specifically budgeted, monetary placeholders will be provided in lieu of specific development language, subject to Section 10.0 infra.</p>
8.1	<p>Capital Fund Program Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report. As part of the PHA 5-Year and Annual Plan, annually complete and submit the <i>Capital Fund Program Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report</i>, form HUD-50075.1, for each current and open CFP grant and CFFP financing.</p> <p>SEE ATTACHED</p>
8.2	<p>Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan. As part of the submission of the Annual Plan, PHAs must complete and submit the <i>Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan</i>, form HUD-50075.2, and subsequent annual updates (on a rolling basis, e.g., drop current year, and add latest year for a five year period). Large capital items must be included in the Five-Year Action Plan.</p> <p>SEE ATTACHED</p>
8.3	<p>Capital Fund Financing Program (CFFP).</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Check if the PHA proposes to use any portion of its Capital Fund Program (CFP)/Replacement Housing Factor (RHF) to repay debt incurred to finance capital improvements.</p> <p>NOT APPLICABLE</p>



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Housing Needs.

Housing Needs of Families on the Public Housing Waiting List as of July 1, 2013

Total Families on Waiting List = 6,905		
	# of families	% of total families
Income Levels		
Extremely low income <=30% AMI	6,500	94.13%
Very low income (>30% but <=50% AMI)	342	4.95%
Low income (>50% but <80% AMI)	34	0.49%
Families with children	3,267	47.31%
Elderly families	1,729	25.04%
Families with Disabilities	1,621	23.48%
Racial Distribution		
Asian/Pacific Islander/Other	5,607	81.20%
White	1,476	21.38%
Hispanic	582	8.43%
Black	244	3.53%
American Indian, etc.	127	1.84%
Bedrooms Needed		
1BR and Studio	3,461	50.12%
2 BR	2,320	33.60%
3 BR	1,079	15.63%
4 BR	291	4.21%
5 BR	30	0.43%

9.0



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Housing Needs (continued)

Housing Needs of Families on the Section 8 Waiting List as of July 1, 2013

Total Families on Waiting List = 2,547		
	# of families	% of total families
Income Levels		
Extremely low income <=30% AMI	2,406	94.46%
Very low income (>30% but <=50% AMI)	105	4.12%
Low income (>50% but <80% AMI)	16	0.63%
Families with children	1,361	53.44%
Elderly families	301	11.82%
Families with Disabilities	483	18.96%
Racial Distribution		
Asian/Pacific Islander/Other	2,903	82.18%
White	391	15.35%
Hispanic	191	7.50%
Black	88	3.46%
American Indian, etc.	32	1.26%
Bedrooms Needed		
1BR and Studio	1,394	54.73%
2 BR	608	23.87%
3 BR	451	17.71%
4 BR	113	4.44%
5 BR	21	0.43%
5+ BR	1	0.04%

9.0



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Housing Needs (continued)

Source: Consolidated Plan 2010 – 2014

Table III-3. Projected Housing Need by Income Group, 2015

% of HUD Median Income	Honolulu	Maui	Hawaii	Kauai	State
<30 %	3,922	1,093	1,287	414	6,716
30-50%	1,573	696	514	174	2,957
50-80%	5,397	732	1,186	409	7,724
80-120%	3,842	724	603	350	5,519
120-140%	831	106	119	207	1,263
140-180%	1,986	485	410	60	2,941
>180%	1,629	305	695	175	2,804
Total	19,180	4,141	4,814	1,789	29,924

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Housing Needs (continued)

The following data is drawn from the Hawaii Housing Policy Study, 2011, by SMS Research for Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation (HHFDC):

Table 11. Needed Housing Units by HUD Income Classification, Counties and State of Hawai'i, 2012-2016

	Total Units Needed, 2012 through 2016							
	HUD Income Classification							Total
	Less than 30	30 to 50	50 to 80	80 to 120	120 to 140	140 to 180	180+	
State of Hawai'i	8,136	4,891	6,221	2,857	1,944	1,320	2,768	28,137
Ownership Units	2,248	1,149	2,833	1,364	1,297	886	1,961	11,738
Single-Family	1,225	674	2,207	1,014	994	828	1,383	8,325
Multi-Family	1,023	475	626	350	303	58	578	3,413
Rental Units	5,888	3,742	3,388	1,493	647	434	807	16,399
Single-Family	559	337	422	83	40	135	282	1,858
Multi-Family	5,329	3,405	2,966	1,410	607	299	525	14,541
City and County of Honolulu	6,006	3,549	4,268	1,976	1,561	632	1,865	19,857
Ownership Units	1,850	669	2,038	929	1,046	364	1,344	8,240
Single-Family	887	277	1,499	643	752	364	779	5,201
Multi-Family	963	392	539	286	294	0	565	3,039
Rental Units	4,156	2,880	2,230	1,047	515	268	521	11,617
Single-Family	134	69	183	0	0	92	195	673
Multi-Family	4,022	2,811	2,047	1,047	515	176	326	10,944
County of Maui	803	690	924	374	101	302	260	3,454
Ownership Units	130	249	380	131	10	261	199	1,360
Single-Family	88	212	331	117	10	203	190	1,151
Multi-Family	42	37	49	14	0	58	9	209
Rental Units	673	441	544	243	91	41	61	2,094
Single-Family	83	90	104	49	15	0	31	372
Multi-Family	590	351	440	194	76	41	30	1,722
County of Hawai'i	1,013	493	577	339	237	316	539	3,514
Ownership Units	243	184	286	224	201	236	387	1,761
Single-Family	225	172	277	179	192	236	387	1,668
Multi-Family	18	12	9	45	9	0	0	93
Rental Units	770	309	291	115	36	80	152	1,753
Single-Family	231	145	32	12	24	29	52	525
Multi-Family	539	164	259	103	12	51	100	1,228
County of Kaua'i	315	159	451	167	45	71	104	1,312
Ownership Units	26	46	128	79	40	26	31	376
Single-Family	26	13	99	74	40	26	26	304
Multi-Family	0	33	29	5	0	0	5	72
Rental Units	289	113	323	88	5	45	73	936
Single-Family	111	34	102	22	0	15	4	288
Multi-Family	178	79	221	66	5	30	69	648

Sources: Housing Demand Survey, 2011 and Hawai'i Housing Model, 2011.

Note: The sum of the needed units for the four counties may not equal the total number of needed units for the State due to rounding. Needed units are those housing units needed to eliminate pent-up demand and accommodate new household formation between 2012 and 2016 for the State of Hawai'i and its four counties, by preferred tenancy and unit type.

Shelter to Income Ratio by County, 2011

Table 5: Shelter-to-Income Ratio by County, 2011

Shelter payment as % of HH income	State of Hawai'i	City & County of Honolulu	County of Hawai'i	County of Maui	County of Kaua'i
Less than 30	51.4%	54.1%	49.1%	40.8%	46.0%
30 to 40	10.4%	8.2%	12.5%	18.0%	17.3%
Over 40	27.7%	28.0%	25.1%	30.2%	24.2%



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Housing Needs (continued)

Table A-1. Characteristics of Housing Units, 1992, 1997, 2003, 2006, and 2011

County	Year	Tenancy		Unit Size (Bedrooms)			
		Own	Rent	Studio or 1 Bedroom	2 Bedrooms	3 Bedrooms	4+ Bedrooms
Honolulu	1992	48%	52%	20%	32%	30%	19%
	1997	54%	46%	16%	27%	36%	21%
	2003	61%	39%	15%	25%	35%	25%
	2006	59%	41%	18%	25%	37%	20%
	2011	56%	44%	15%	21%	37%	26%
Maui	1992	61%	39%	14%	26%	46%	15%
	1997	65%	35%	12%	23%	46%	19%
	2003	61%	40%	13%	28%	42%	17%
	2006	60%	40%	15%	27%	43%	17%
	2011	54%	46%	17%	26%	37%	20%
Hawai'i	1992	68%	32%	7%	25%	53%	14%
	1997	72%	28%	8%	21%	54%	17%
	2003	70%	30%	12%	19%	50%	19%
	2006	69%	31%	11%	22%	49%	18%
	2011	67%	33%	13%	21%	47%	19%
Kaua'i	1992	60%	40%	12%	19%	53%	15%
	1997	67%	33%	8%	19%	57%	15%
	2003	66%	34%	11%	20%	53%	17%
	2006	66%	34%	10%	21%	51%	18%
	2011	59%	41%	12%	19%	51%	18%
State	1992	52%	48%	17%	30%	35%	18%
	1997	58%	42%	14%	25%	40%	20%
	2003	62%	38%	14%	24%	39%	23%
	2006	61%	39%	17%	24%	39%	20%
	2011	57%	43%	15%	22%	39%	24%

Source: Housing Demand Survey, 1992, 1997, 2003, 2006, and 2011

Note: Sum of County figures may not equal the State total due to rounding.

Table A-2. Household Income Data, 1992, 1997, 2003, 2006, and 2011

County	Year	Total Households	Household Income						Median HH Income
			Less than \$15,000	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	
Honolulu	1992	247,349	N/A	24%	29%	12%	6%	7%	\$36,974
	1997	272,234	9%	9%	28%	15%	9%	6%	\$42,234
	2003	292,003	8%	10%	36%	18%	11%	17%	\$47,917
	2006	303,149	13%	7%	26%	22%	12%		\$58,385
	2011	310,882	12%	7%	25%	22%	9%	25%	\$59,076
Maui	1992	34,266	N/A	20%	36%	11%	2%	3%	\$35,843
	1997	39,252	10%	8%	33%	15%	7%	6%	\$38,908
	2003	43,687	9%	13%	34%	19%	14%	11%	\$44,297
	2006	49,484	11%	8%	29%	20%	15%	17%	\$49,795
	2011	54,132	12%	10%	27%	19%	11%	21%	\$58,424
Hawai'i	1992	39,789	N/A	24%	39%	11%	3%	4%	\$34,063
	1997	46,271	14%	14%	30%	12%	4%	4%	\$31,831
	2003	54,644	14%	12%	39%	17%	9%	9%	\$36,905
	2006	61,213	13%	10%	29%	22%	10%	16%	\$51,920
	2011	67,096	18%	13%	25%	17%	10%	17%	\$44,696
Kaua'i	1992	16,981	N/A	20%	36%	10%	5%	3%	\$36,966
	1997	18,817	11%	13%	30%	15%	5%	3%	\$34,891
	2003	20,460	13%	12%	37%	18%	9%	12%	\$42,205
	2006	21,971	10%	10%	27%	23%	11%	19%	\$53,116
	2011	23,201	13%	11%	25%	19%	9%	19%	\$49,730
State	1992	338,385	N/A	24%	31%	12%	5%	6%	\$36,289
	1997	376,574	10%	10%	29%	15%	8%	6%	\$39,883
	2003	410,794	10%	10%	36%	19%	10%	15%	\$46,086
	2006	435,818	13%	7%	27%	21%	12%	20%	\$58,393
	2011	455,311	13%	8%	26%	21%	10%	23%	\$58,700

Source: Housing Demand Survey, 1992, 1997, 2003, 2006, and 2011

Note: The number of total households for the Housing Demand survey represents an SNS estimate developed using ACS 2009 data prior to the release of Census 2010. The total number of households for each county differs by less than one percent from Census 2010 figures presented in Table 4.

Note: Sum of County figures may not equal the State total due to rounding.



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Housing Needs (continued)

Table 11. Needed Housing Units by HUD Income Classification, Counties and State of Hawai'i, 2012-2016

	Total Units Needed, 2012 through 2016							
	HUD Income Classification							Total
	LT 30	30 to 50	50 to 80	80 to 120	120 to 140	140 to 180	180+	
State of Hawai'i	8,136	4,891	6,221	2,857	1,944	1,320	2,768	28,137
Ownership Units	2,248	1,149	2,833	1,364	1,297	886	1,961	11,738
Single-Family	1,225	674	2,207	1,014	994	828	1,383	8,325
Multi-Family	1,023	475	626	350	303	58	578	3,413
Rental Units	5,888	3,742	3,388	1,493	647	434	807	16,399
Single-Family	559	337	422	83	40	135	282	1,858
Multi-Family	5,329	3,405	2,966	1,410	607	299	525	14,541
City and County of Honolulu	6,006	3,549	4,268	1,976	1,561	632	1,865	19,857
Ownership Units	1,850	669	2,038	929	1,046	364	1,344	8,240
Single-Family	887	277	1,499	643	752	364	779	5,201
Multi-Family	963	392	539	286	294	0	565	3,039
Rental Units	4,156	2,880	2,230	1,047	515	268	521	11,617
Single-Family	134	69	183	0	0	92	195	673
Multi-Family	4,022	2,811	2,047	1,047	515	176	326	10,944
County of Maui	803	690	924	374	101	302	260	3,454
Ownership Units	130	249	380	131	10	261	199	1,360
Single-Family	88	212	331	117	10	203	190	1,151
Multi-Family	42	37	49	14	0	58	9	209
Rental Units	673	441	544	243	91	41	61	2,094
Single-Family	83	90	104	49	15	0	31	372
Multi-Family	590	351	440	194	76	41	30	1,722
County of Hawai'i	1,013	493	577	339	237	316	539	3,514
Ownership Units	243	184	286	224	201	236	387	1,761
Single-Family	225	172	277	179	192	236	387	1,668
Multi-Family	18	12	9	45	9	0	0	93
Rental Units	770	309	291	115	36	80	152	1,753
Single-Family	231	145	32	12	24	29	52	525
Multi-Family	539	164	259	103	12	51	100	1,228
County of Kaua'i	315	159	451	167	45	71	104	1,312
Ownership Units	26	46	128	79	40	26	31	376
Single-Family	26	13	99	74	40	26	26	304
Multi-Family	0	33	29	5	0	0	5	72
Rental Units	289	113	323	88	5	45	73	936
Single-Family	111	34	102	22	0	15	4	288
Multi-Family	178	79	221	66	5	30	69	648

Sources: Housing Demand Survey, 2011 and Hawai'i Housing Model, 2011.

Note. The sum of the needed units for the four counties may not equal the total number of needed units for the State due to rounding. Needed units are those housing units needed to eliminate pent-up demand and accommodate new household formation between 2012 and 2016 for the State of Hawai'i and its four counties, by preferred tenancy and unit type.



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Housing Needs (continued)

Table A-5: Average Monthly Housing Cost, 1992, 1997, 2003, 2006, and 2011

County	Year	Total Households	Average Monthly Mortgage Payment			Average Monthly Rent	
			Total	Single-family	Multi-family	Total	2-bedroom apartment
Honolulu	1992	247,349	\$821	\$915	\$832	\$864	
	1997	272,234	\$1,430	\$1,369	\$1,335	\$928	\$923
	2003	292,003	\$1,546	\$1,650	\$1,239	\$1,014	\$1,072
	2006	303,149	\$1,142	\$1,173	\$1,029	\$1,300	\$1,393
	2011	310,882	\$1,415	\$1,393	\$1,510	\$1,502	\$1,487
Maui	1992	34,266	\$776	\$831	\$719	\$730	
	1997	39,252	\$1,210	\$1,664	\$789	\$850	\$1,138
	2003	43,687	\$1,310	\$1,346	\$1,104	\$979	\$1,072
	2006	49,484	\$1,461	\$1,451	\$1,458	\$1,256	\$1,253
	2011	54,132	\$1,461	\$1,468	\$1,411	\$1,280	\$1,303
Hawai'i	1992	39,789	\$651	\$691	\$579	\$556	
	1997	46,271	\$954	\$1,069	\$840	\$697	\$644
	2003	54,644	\$1,072	\$1,078	\$919	\$859	\$843
	2006	61,213	\$1,057	\$1,039	\$1,407	\$1,146	\$1,152
	2011	67,096	\$1,106	\$1,102	\$1,389	\$1,121	\$986
Kaua'i	1992	16,981	\$726	\$773	\$612	\$807	
	1997	18,817	\$1,151	\$1,290	\$881	\$830	\$860
	2003	20,460	\$1,284	\$1,306	\$1,014	\$983	\$885
	2006	21,971	\$1,165	\$1,178	\$974	\$1,230	\$1,271
	2011	23,201	\$1,273	\$1,254	\$983	\$1,311	\$1,292
State	1992	338,385	\$800	\$863	\$813	\$793	
	1997	376,574	\$1,319	\$1,330	\$1,286	\$897	
	2003	410,794	\$1,433	\$1,488	\$1,213	\$992	\$1,037
	2006	435,818	\$1,167	\$1,183	\$1,081	\$1,274	\$1,346
	2011	455,311	\$1,355	\$1,332	\$1,495	\$1,421	\$1,398

Source: Housing Demand Survey, 1992, 1997, 2003, 2006, and 2011

Note: Sum of County figures may not equal the State total due to rounding.

Table A-9: Shelter-to-Income Ratios, 1992, 1997, 2003, 2006, and 2011

County	Year	Total Households	Monthly Shelter Payment as a Percent of Monthly Household Income			
			Under 30 percent	30 to 40 percent	Over 40 percent	Not enough information
Honolulu	1992	247,349	55.7%	14.1%	20.2%	10.0%
	1997	272,234	55.1%	18.9%	18.4%	7.5%
	2003	292,003	55.7%	18.5%	18.0%	7.8%
	2006	303,149	54.8%	10.9%	22.0%	12.0%
	2011	310,882	54.1%	8.2%	28.0%	9.7%
Maui	1992	34,266	59.3%	18.1%	15.8%	6.7%
	1997	39,252	47.9%	16.0%	19.8%	16.4%
	2003	43,687	52.2%	18.3%	15.7%	15.9%
	2006	49,484	49.1%	14.3%	27.1%	9.4%
	2011	54,132	40.8%	18.0%	30.2%	11.0%
Hawai'i	1992	39,789	70.2%	12.4%	11.5%	5.9%
	1997	46,271	51.8%	18.1%	20.4%	9.7%
	2003	54,644	52.5%	19.1%	15.9%	12.4%
	2006	61,213	54.9%	11.1%	22.0%	12.0%
	2011	67,096	49.1%	12.5%	25.1%	13.3%
Kaua'i	1992	16,981	60.3%	17.7%	13.7%	8.1%
	1997	18,817	44.9%	18.7%	24.7%	11.7%
	2003	20,460	51.8%	16.8%	18.0%	13.3%
	2006	21,971	57.6%	10.8%	21.6%	10.0%
	2011	23,201	46.0%	17.3%	24.2%	12.6%
State	1992	338,385	58.0%	14.5%	18.4%	9.1%
	1997	376,574	53.5%	18.5%	19.1%	8.9%
	2003	410,794	54.7%	18.5%	17.5%	9.5%
	2006	435,818	54.2%	11.3%	22.7%	11.8%
	2011	455,311	51.4%	10.4%	27.7%	10.5%

Source: Housing Demand Survey, 1992, 1997, 2003, 2006, and 2011

Note: "Not enough information" households include those with no shelter payment and those that did not provide sufficient information to calculate a shelter-to-income ratio.

Note: Sum of County figures may not equal the State total due to rounding.



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Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs.

A. Need: Shortage of affordable housing for all eligible populations

Strategy 1. Maximize the number of affordable units available to the PHA within its current resources:

- Employ effective maintenance and management policies to minimize the number of public housing units off-line.
- Reduce turnover time for vacated public housing units by outsourcing where appropriate.
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through mixed finance development on all islands, including rural areas.
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by maintaining payment standards that will enable families to rent throughout the jurisdiction.
- Undertake measures to ensure access to affordable housing among families assisted by the PHA, regardless of unit size required.
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by marketing the program to owners, particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration.
- Participate in the Consolidated Plan development process to ensure coordination with broader community strategies.
- Seek additional Federal grant funds and State Capital Improvement Project funding.

Strategy 2: Increase the number of affordable housing units:

- Apply for additional section 8 units should they become available.
- Leverage affordable housing resources in the community through the creation of mixed - finance housing.
- Pursue housing resources other than public housing or Section 8 tenant-based assistance.

B. Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 30% of median

Strategy: Target available assistance to families at or below 30 % of AMI

- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in public housing.
- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in tenant-based section 8 assistance.
- Adopt rent policies and assess any programs that support and encourage work.



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Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs.

C. Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 50% of median

Strategy: Target available assistance to families at or below 50% of AMI

- Adopt rent policies and assess any programs that support and encourage work.

D. Need: Specific Family Types: The Elderly

Strategy: Target available assistance to the elderly:

- Seek designation of public housing for the elderly.
- Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to the elderly, should they become available.

E. Need: Specific Family Types: Families with Disabilities

Strategy: Target available assistance to Families with Disabilities:

- Carry out the modifications needed in public housing based on the Needs Assessment for Public Housing.
- Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to families with disabilities, should they become available.
- Affirmatively market to local non-profit agencies that assist families with disabilities.

F. Need: Specific Family Types: Races or ethnicities with disproportionate housing needs

Strategy: Conduct activities to affirmatively further fair housing

- Counsel section 8 tenants as to location of units outside of areas of poverty or minority concentration and assist them to locate those units.
- Market the section 8 program to owners outside of areas of poverty /minority concentrations.
- Provide training of **fair housing laws** to housing providers and to tenants with limited English proficiency.

Reasons for Selecting Strategies

- Funding constraints
- Staffing constraints
- Limited availability of sites for assisted housing

9.1



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Reasons for Selecting Strategies (cont.)

- Evidence of housing needs as demonstrated in the Consolidated Plan and the 2011 Hawaii Housing Policy Study and other information available to the PHA.
- Influence of the housing market on PHA programs.
- Community priorities regarding housing assistance.
- Results of consultation with local or state government.
- Results of consultation with residents and the Resident Advisory Board.
- Results of consultation with advocacy groups.

9.1



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Additional Information. (a) Progress in Meeting Mission and Goals in the previous 5- Year Plan (FY 2009-2014)

1. PHA Goal: Expand the supply of assisted housing

- Apply for additional rental subsidies: Applications for HUD Specific Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers will be submitted provided that HUD specific funding is available and HPHA meets the criteria for the specific funding.
- Reduce public housing vacancies, not to exceed 5% vacancy rate.
- As of June 30, 2012, there were 372 vacant units. As of October 31, 2013, there are 174 vacant units.
- Of those 66 are scheduled for demo.*11/14/13*
- HPHA will aim to maintain this 5% vacancy rate into the future.
- Current occupancy rate is 97%.

2. PHA Goal: Improve the quality of assisted housing

- Improve public housing management: (PHAS score) HPHA currently maintains a 97% rent collection rate. HPHA completes 100% of emergency work orders within 24 hours and has met its goal to inspect 100% of units and systems using the Uniform Physical Condition Standard (UPCS). HPHA has completed system-wide upgrades to its network and computer software to increase the efficiency of administered programs. Additionally, HPHA's staff received HUD-provided training on rent calculation and internal PHAS training.
- Improve voucher management: Attained a perfect SEMAP score of 100%: The 2012-2013 final assessment SEMAP score ranks HPHA as a "High Performer."
- Increase customer satisfaction: HPHA has begun the development process to automate certain functions geared at enhancing customer service delivery and customer satisfaction including the redesign of the agency website and development of web-based applications. HPHA has implemented a no-smoking policy throughout all public housing properties.
- Renovate or modernize public housing units: As of June 30, 2013, HPHA has federal dollars in the amount of \$57,285,440 CFP funds and \$134,728,830 State CIP funds appropriated and budgeted for a total of \$192,014,270. HPHA has expended \$29,452,316 in CFP and \$35,231,516 in State CIP for a total of \$64,683,832. Additionally, HPHA partnered with HUD to offer a workshop on federal relocation requirements for staff and local partners.
- 7/20/12-Kapa`a-Type C Vacant Unit; Des: \$13,567 CIP, Const: \$90,457 CFP
- 7/31/12-Kawailehua-Site & Bldg. Impr; Des: \$510,449 CIP, Const: \$2,476,702 CFP, \$1,026,732 CIP
- 8/15/12-Kahekili Terrace-Type C Units; Des: in-house, Const: \$1,023,581 CFP
- 8/30/12-Noelani I-Type C Vacant Units; Des: \$38,877 CIP, Const.: \$528,725 CFP
- 8/30/12-Noelani II-Type C Vacant Units; Des: \$19,438 CIP, Const: \$87,135 CFP
- 8/30/2012-Kekaha Ha`aheo-LCCC; Des: \$172,838 CIP, Const: \$909,825 CFP & \$722,175 EPA

10.0



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Additional Information (continued)

- 8/30/12-Ke Kumu Ekolu-Type C Units; Des: \$38,877 CIP, Const: \$157,515 CFP
- 8/31/12-KPT low rise-Type C Vacant Units; Des: \$33,953 CIP, Const: \$302,579 CFP
- 8/31/12-Kuhio Homes-Type C Vacant Units; Des: \$11,318 CIP, Const: \$64,657 CFP
- 9/5/12-Palolo Valley Homes-Type C Units; Des: \$13,570 CIP, Const: \$81,898 CFP
- 9/6/12-Hale Ho'okipa-Type C Vacant Units; Des: \$19,438 CIP, Const: \$90,752 CFP
- 9/26/12-Mayor Wright Homes-Type C Vacant Units; Des: \$67,860 CIP, Const: \$407,016 CFP
- 10/1/12-Mayor Wright Homes-Re-roof; Des: \$54,945 CIP; Const: \$715,266 CFP
- 10/1/13-Wahiawa Terrace-Re-roof; Des: \$151,979 CIP, Const: \$827,999 CFP
- 1/15/12-Paoakalani-Type C Vacant Units; Des: in-house, Const: \$77,339 CFP
- 1/26/13-Makua Ali'I-Ph.2 Structural Repairs; Des: n/a, Const: \$3,128,453 CFP
- 3/22/13-Kalaheo Homes-LCCC; Des: \$85,478 CIP, Const: \$366,052 CIP
- 1/22/13-Pu'uwai Momi-Type C Units; Des: in-house/DAGS, Const: \$315,371 CIP
- 5/10/13-Wahiawa Terrace-Type C Units; Des: in-house/DAGS, Const: \$45,766 CIP
- Leverage capital funds to accelerate modernization projects. HPHA leveraged State funding, through the use of state CIP funds, in order to offset decreases in federal program funding.
- Provide replacement public housing: Under the Master Development Agreement, HPHA will redevelop Kuhio Homes and Kuhio Park Terrace Low-Rise with Michaels Development with an estimated 400 units.

3. PHA Goal: Increase assisted housing choices

- Geographical Wait List: Administrative rules implemented in December 2001.
- Conduct ongoing outreach efforts to potential voucher landlords: Outreach activities to attract new voucher landlords began in March, 2005, including owners of accessible units, and is ongoing on an annual basis.

4. PHA Goal: Provide an improved living environment

- Implement measures to promote income mixing in public housing by assuring access for lower income families into higher income developments.
- HPHA added increased lighting, surveillance cameras and 24-hour security patrols at properties with high crime activity. Efforts at Mayor Wright Homes have reduced overall crime by half.

5. PHA Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of assisted households

- HPHA continues to operate the Tenant Aide Program for federal public housing residents.
- HPHA continues to fill vacant positions in the Property Management and Maintenance Services Branch to assist tenants in accessing resident services and case management.

10.0



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Additional Information (continued)

6. PHA Goal: Asset Management

- HPHA has a HUD Technical Assistance consultant team reviewing the current AMP structure. When their report is final, AMP structure changes might be made based on the findings.

7. PHA Goal: Evaluate the current administration of HPHA's Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program

- 2012 and 2013 – rated as “High Performer”.
- 2013 - Perfect SEMAP score.
- Began the process of removing local preferences to lease up people off the waitlist by date and time to ensure fairness.
- Purged waitlist to remove non-responsive applicants
- Adopted temporary compliance measures proposed by HUD
- Completing re-certifications, inspections and disbursing timely payments to landlords.

8. PHA Goal: Ensure equal opportunity and affirmatively further fair housing

- HPHA evaluated agency-specific limited English proficiency (LEP) needs in order to supplement the HPHA's LEP plan and update procedures accordingly.
- HPHA provided training to staff on applicable laws, regulations, policies and procedures on the following topics: reasonable accommodations, assistance animals, limited English proficiency, and fair housing.
- HPHA offered a full day fair housing training for all employees and residents.
- HPHA evaluated the proposed rule on affirmatively furthering fair housing to identify changes to the analysis of fair housing impediments planning process.
- HPHA continues to participate in the fair housing consortium with Hawaii Civil Rights Commission, Legal Society of Hawaii, Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, local county fair housing coordinators, and HUD FHEO to discuss impediments to fair housing.

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9. PHA Goal: Improve the housing delivery system through cost-effective management of federal and State government programs and resources:

- Continue to automate major operation components of the PHA computer software such as work order processing and tracking, materials, inventory, and fixed assets. Section 8, Low income public housing, wait list and financial modules were recently upgraded.
- Continue to upgrade the computer network infrastructure with faster, more reliable, and redundant connections to increase overall productivity. Upgrade computers with newer models, to provide faster response time for users, and standardize versions of office software.
- Ongoing SEMAP and PHAS training is being provided to HPHA staff.



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Additional Information. (b) Significant Amendment and Substantial Deviation/Modification. Provide the PHA's definition of "significant amendment" and "substantial deviation/modification"

In accordance with 24 CFR §903.7(r)(2) which requires public housing authorities to identify the basic criteria the agency will use to determine a substantial deviation from its 5-Year Plan and significant amendments or modification to the 5-Year Plan and Annual Plan, the following definitions are used:

Substantial Deviation: A substantial change in the goals identified in the Five-Year Plan. For example, making a formal decision not to pursue a listed goal; or substituting an entirely different set of activities to achieve the goal.

Significant Amendment/Modification: Adding or eliminating major strategies to address housing needs and to major policies (e.g., policies governing eligibility, selection or admissions and rent determination) or programs (e.g., demolition or disposition, designation, homeownership programs or conversion activities); or modifying a strategy such that a substantial transfer of resources away from others is necessary in order to carry it out.

For Capital Fund Program projects that deviate from the Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan and the Capital Fund Program Annual State/Performance and Evaluation Reports, only projects that meet the following criteria shall require 5-Year and Annual Plan Amendment: the amount of funds being required exceeds \$10 Million; number of units being worked on comprises more than 15% of a developments ACC unit count; or work requires the relocation of more than two neighboring occupied units. Where work is not specifically budgeted, monetary placeholders will be provided in lieu of specific development language.

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11.0	<p>Required Submission for HUD Field Office Review. In addition to the PHA Plan template (HUD-50075), PHAs must submit the following documents. Items (a) through (g) may be submitted with signature by mail or electronically with scanned signatures, but electronic submission is encouraged. Items (h) through (i) must be attached electronically with the PHA Plan. Note: Faxed copies of these documents will not be accepted by the Field Office.</p> <p>(a) Form HUD-50077, <i>PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations</i> (which includes all certifications relating to Civil Rights)</p> <p>(b) Form HUD-50070, <i>Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only)</p> <p>(c) Form HUD-50071, <i>Certification of Payments to Influence Federal Transactions</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only)</p> <p>(d) Form SF-LLL, <i>Disclosure of Lobbying Activities</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only)</p> <p>(e) Form SF-LLL-A, <i>Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Continuation Sheet</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only)</p> <p>(f) Resident Advisory Board (RAB) comments. Comments received from the RAB must be submitted by the PHA as an attachment to the PHA Plan. PHAs must also include a narrative describing their analysis of the recommendations and the decisions made on these recommendations.</p> <p>(g) Challenged Elements</p> <p>(h) Form HUD-50075.1, <i>Capital Fund Program Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only)</p> <p>(i) Form HUD-50075.2, <i>Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan</i> (PHAs receiving CFP grants only)</p>
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